Linear Speed and Angular Speed

University of Minnesota Linear Speed and Angular Speed

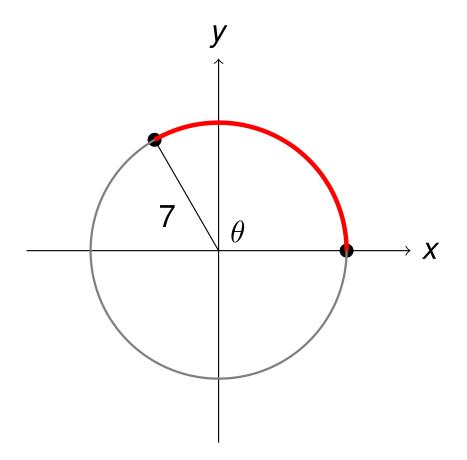
Preliminaries:

- Circumference of a circle
- Conversion factors (dimensional analysis)

Objectives:

- Given the central angle and radius (or diameter) of a circle, find the arc length
- Given the rotational speed of a tire, find the linear speed of the vehicle.

Finding arc length from radian measure



Find the length of the arc of a circle of radius = 7, where the central angle measures 120°

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Arc length = (fraction of circle) x (circumference of circle)

$$C = 2\pi r = 14\pi$$

Arc length
$$= \frac{120^{\circ}}{360^{\circ}}(14\pi) \approx 14.661$$

Distance moved in one revolution = circumference of circle

Distance moved in one revolution $= 2\pi r = \pi d$

Angle moved in one revolution = $360^{\circ} = 2\pi$ radians.

Finding distance travelled from angle measure

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$$\cdot \frac{1 \text{ ft.}}{12 \text{ in.}} \approx 91.63 \text{ ft.}$$

Finding linear speed from angular speed

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Finding linear speed from angular speed

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Solution:

 $d = 25 \Leftrightarrow C = \pi d = 25\pi$ inches \approx 78.54 inches

 $10\frac{\text{rev.}}{\text{sec.}} \approx 10(78.54\frac{\text{in.}}{\text{sec.}}) \approx 785.4\frac{\text{in.}}{\text{sec.}}$

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 $\frac{785.4 \text{ in.}}{\text{sec}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ ft.}}{12 \text{ in.}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ mile}}{5280 \text{ ft.}} \cdot \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ min}} \cdot \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} \approx 44.6 \text{ mi./hr.}$

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Solution:

 $r = 40 \Leftrightarrow C = 2\pi r = 80\pi$ inches ≈ 251.33 inches

 $\frac{8 \text{ mi.}}{hr.} \cdot \frac{5280 \text{ ft.}}{mi.} \cdot \frac{12 \text{ in.}}{ft.} \cdot \frac{hr.}{60 \text{ min.}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ rev.}}{251.33 \text{ in.}} \approx 33.6 \text{ rev./min.}$

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