# **Exponential Growth and Geometric Sequences**



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# **Preliminaries and Objectives**

#### Preliminaries

- Sequences
- Linear Growth
- Arithmetic Sequences

# Objectives

- · Find values of a geometric sequence defined explicitly
- · Find values of a geometric sequence defined recursively
- · Find a recursive formula for a geometric sequence
- · Find an explicit formula for a geometric sequence

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# **Recursive Definition**

Let 
$$g_1 = 5$$
 and  $g_{n+1} = (10)(g_n)$ 

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#### **Explicit Definition**

Let 
$$g_n = (16) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

16 8 4 2 1 ½ ¼ ½

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### Finding the formulas

Given the geometric sequence

<u>3</u> <u>12</u> <u>48</u> <u>192</u> <u>768</u> <u>3072</u>

find a recursive formula and an explicit formula.

Recursive Formula:

 $g_0 = 3, g_{n+1} = (4)(g_n)$ 

Explicit Formula:

 $g_n = 3(4^n)$ 

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#### Example 1

If a geometric sequence contains the terms  $g_3 = 2$  and  $g_7 = 162$ , find a recursive formula and an explicit formula for  $g_0$ .

$$\frac{\frac{2}{27}}{\frac{2}{9}} \frac{\frac{2}{9}}{g_1} \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{2}{9_3}} \frac{2}{6} \frac{6}{18} \frac{18}{54} \frac{54}{g_7} \dots \dots \dots$$

$$r = 4$$
th root of  $\frac{162}{2} = 4$ th root of  $81 = 3$ 

Recursive definition: 
$$g_1 = \frac{2}{9}$$
;  $g_{n+1} = (3)(g_n)$ 

Explicit Definition: 
$$g_n = \frac{2}{27}(3^n)$$

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# Example 2

You put a \$500 purchase on your credit card. Each month, interest is compounded until at the end of 9 months, you owe \$571.70. What is the interest rate?

$$g_0 = 500, g_9 = 571.70$$

$$g_9 = g_0(r^9) \Rightarrow r^9 = \frac{571.70}{500} = 1.1434 \Rightarrow r = 1.015$$

The interest rate is 1.5% per month or 18% annually.

#### Recap

- Recursive definition: State the value of  $g_0$  and the recursion  $g_{n+1}=(r)(g_n)$
- Explicit definition: g<sub>n</sub> = (g<sub>0</sub>)r<sup>n</sup>