Point-Point Form of a Line



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Point-Point Form of a Line

Preliminaries and Objectives

Preliminaries

- The Slope of a Line
- Point-Slope Form of a Line

Objectives

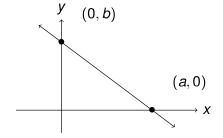
• Find the equation of a line, given two points on the line

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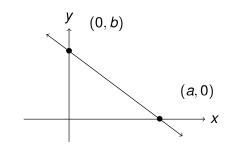
Intercept-Intercept Form

$m = \frac{0-b}{a-0} = -\frac{b}{a}$



$$y-b=-\frac{b}{a}(x-0)$$

Intercept-Intercept Form



$$m=\frac{0-b}{a-0}=-\frac{b}{a}$$

$$y-b=-\frac{b}{a}(x-0)$$

$$y=-\frac{b}{a}x+b$$

$$y-0=-\frac{b}{a}(x-a)$$

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Example 1

$y-4 = -\frac{3}{5}(x+2)$ $y-1 = -\frac{3}{5}(x-3)$ $y-4 = -\frac{3}{5}x - \frac{6}{5}$ $y-1 = -\frac{3}{5}x + \frac{9}{5}$ $y = -\frac{3}{5}x - \frac{6}{5} + 4$ $y = -\frac{3}{5}x + \frac{9}{5} + 1$ $y = -\frac{3}{5}x - \frac{6}{5} + \frac{20}{5}$ $y = -\frac{3}{5}x + \frac{9}{5} + \frac{5}{5}$ $y = -\frac{3}{5}x + \frac{14}{5}$

Recap

To find the equation of a line, given two points,

- Find the slope using the slope formula
- Find the equation using the point-slope equation of a line

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