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Algebra
Activity 4b - Slope and Equations of Lines
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Let $L$ be the line that contains the point $(-4,-2)$ and has a slope of $m=\frac{1}{3}$


1. Find three other points on the line.

Describe how you found them.
2. - There is a point on the line $L$, with a $y$-coordinate of 4 , find the $x$-coordinate.

- There is a point on the line $L$, with a $y$-coordinate of 3 , find the $x$-coordinate.
- There is a point on the line $L$, with a $y$-coordinate of 2 , find the $x$-coordinate.

Describe the process to find the $x$-coordinate, if you are given the $y$-coordinate.
3. - There is a point on the line $L$, with an $x$-coordinate of 2 , find the $y$-coordinate.

- There is a point on the line $L$, with an $x$-coordinate of 1 , find the $y$-coordinate.
- There is a point on the line $L$, with an $x$-coordinate of 0 , find the $y$-coordinate.

Describe the process to find the $y$-coordinate, if you are given the $x$-coordinate.
4. Write an equation, using the slope formula, which says that the slope between the point $(-4,-2)$ and the arbitrary point $(x, y)$ is $\frac{1}{3}$.
Then, solve this equation for $y$.
Also solve this equation for $x$.
Do these equations match the descriptions in parts 3 ) and 2) above?
5. Find the $y$-intercept of the line that passes through the point $(-4,-2)$ and has a slope of $m=\frac{1}{3}$
6. Find the $y$-intercept of the line that passes through the point $(h, k)$ and has a slope of $m$

## Algebra

Activity 4b - Slope and Equations of Lines
Part II


In order for three points, $A, B$ and $C$ to be on a straight line, the slope from $A$ to $B$ must equal the slope from $B$ to $C$, must equal the slope from $A$ to $C$. However, we don't actually need to check all three. If the slope from $A$ to $B$ equals the slope from $B$ to $C$, then it must also equal the slope from $A$ to $C$. Show that this last statement is true by doing the following:

1. Write a formula for the slope from $A$ to $B$ in the picture above.
2. Write a formula for the slope from $B$ to $C$ in the picture above.
3. Set the two expressions above equal to each other. Solve this equation for $y$ to arrive at the slope-intercept form of the equation for this line.
4. Write a formula for the slope from $A$ to $C$ in the picture above.
5. Set the expression in (4) equal to the expression in (2). Solve this equation for $y$ to arrive at the slope-intercept form of the equation for this line.
